

2012年度入学試験（A日程・1月21日）【60分】

英語試験問題

学芸学部：日本語日本文学科・英語文化コミュニケーション学科
 子ども教育学科・メディア情報学科
 人間社会学部：社会マネジメント学科・人間心理学科
 栄養科学部：健康栄養学科・管理栄養学科
 短期大学部：生活デザイン学科・食物栄養学科

I 英文の下線部の意味に最も近いものを下のA～Dの中からそれぞれ1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- “Do you feel like a cup of tea?” “I’d love some, thanks.”
 A. want B. enjoy C. dislike D. make
- We hope to visit Africa in the near future.
 A. whenever B. very soon C. much later D. sometime
- Keep in mind that your report should be finished this week.
 A. Be sure B. Think C. Don’t worry D. Don’t forget
- Kelly is dying for some water.
 A. can’t drink B. doesn’t need
 C. really wants D. sort of likes
- “Sorry I’m busy at the moment. I’ll call you back.”
 A. time B. now C. always D. forever
- Justin was in high spirits after winning the speech contest.
 A. quite happy B. a little tired C. very sad D. slightly pleased
- Thousands of birds fly south for the winter.
 A. Few B. All C. Some D. Many
- It no longer snows here. It must have something to do with global warming.
 A. be in spite of B. have respect for
 C. have happened to D. be related to

- Ever since companies started making cell phones, people have wanted to buy them.
 A. Before B. From the time C. Even though D. Although
- My son will eat anything but fish.
 A. nothing but B. many kinds of
 C. all except for D. something including

II 次の各文の（ ）に入る最も適切な語（句）を下のA～Dの中からそれぞれ1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- Sending e-mail is () than mailing letters.
 A. quick B. quickly C. quicker D. quickest
- Have you ever () a bear?
 A. see B. sees C. saw D. seen
- People used to wash their clothes () hand.
 A. by B. with C. in D. on
- I should cut my hair () it is too long.
 A. so B. but C. because D. even
- No one understood () the problem was.
 A. how B. what C. whether D. if
- Wild animals often sleep () the day, especially in hot sunny weather.
 A. at B. during C. of D. after
- Guests staying () like the hotel’s service.
 A. it B. who C. which D. there
- Last summer, people set their air conditioners at 28°C () electricity.
 A. saved B. was saving C. to save D. save
- I remember () excited to see fireworks for the first time.
 A. being B. will be C. has been D. was

10. Going to school, I realized I () my money at home.
A. was leaving B. had left C. leaved D. might leave

Ⅲ 意味が通じるように下記の語を並び替え、2番目と4番目にくる語の記号を、その順番で解答欄に書き入れなさい。

1. I _____ _____ _____ _____ to friends.
A. it B. find C. saying D. hard E. goodbye
2. The tourist information office is over _____ _____ _____ _____ station.
A. front B. there C. of D. in E. the
3. Young children are _____ _____ _____ _____ the pool.
A. allowed B. not C. swim D. in E. to
4. Even _____ _____ _____ _____ careful in the mountains.
A. be B. must C. strongest D. hikers E. the
5. I _____ _____ _____ _____ to the museum.
A. asked B. it C. how D. far E. was

Ⅳ 以下は2人の会話ですが、順序がばらばらになっています。最も適切な順序に並び替え、(1)～(6)の位置にくるものを選び、記号で答えなさい。

- A. Hi. I haven't seen you lately.
- B. I've been busy.
- C. Thanks. That would be a big help.
- D. It is. She has so many things!
- E. What will happen to all her stuff?
- F. Doing what?
- G. It must be hard deciding what to keep.

- H. Could I give you a hand? I could take some things to the recycle shop.
- I. She wants to give away or throw away everything.
- J. Helping Grandma. She's moving into a senior home soon.

A → B → (1) → (2) → E → (3) → G → (4) → (5) → (6)

Ⅴ 次の広告を読み、各設問に対する最も適切な答えをA～Dからそれぞれ1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

Java Joe's

Java Joe's is coming soon to Green Hills Park! As in our other outdoor cafés, we will offer a fine selection of fair trade coffees and teas. You can buy coffee or tea to make at home. Or relax with a cup of your favorite beverage here at our café. And you can relax, knowing that with fair trade products, 75% of the price you pay goes back to farmers growing the beans and leaves. You can also enjoy organic desserts made from locally grown products.

Be sure to visit Java Joe's on Opening Day, May 1. President and founder Joseph Jones will give a presentation about the farming communities Java Joe's supports. He will personally make your favorite drink from our menu, too. All of us here at Java Joe's look forward to meeting you soon.

Java Joe's fine food and drink at fair trade prices

1. Where is Java Joe's newest location?
 - A. in a building
 - B. on a farm
 - C. in a park
 - D. at Joe's house

2. What kind of business is Java Joe's?
 - A. cooking school
 - B. coffee shop chain
 - C. supermarket
 - D. tea importer

3. When is the first day of business for the new Java Joe's?
 - A. Green Day
 - B. tomorrow
 - C. Monday
 - D. May 1

4. Who is Joseph Jones?
 - A. a waiter
 - B. Java Joe's cook
 - C. a farmer
 - D. Java Joe's head

5. What is the main sales point for Java Joe's?
 - A. If people buy coffee and tea, they can get a 75% discount at Java Joe's.
 - B. Java Joe's drinks are made with organic products from other countries.
 - C. When people buy something at Java Joe's, they can help farmers, too.
 - D. Java Joe's uses special recipes for drinks that help people relax.

Ⅵ 次の英文を読み、設問に答えなさい。

Go to a wedding party in Japan and you will see young women dressed in colorful *kimono* or fancy party dresses. [(A)] are that these women will also be wearing nail art. They may have flowers matching their *kimono* patterns or eye-catching designs in the colors of their dresses painted on each fingernail. For many women, getting ready for a party means visiting a nail salon, as well as choosing an outfit, hairstyle, and make-up.

Nail artists create small paintings on people's nails. Nail art was born over five-thousand years ago, when people in Arab countries started putting color on their hands and nails. The French have a natural-style manicure, which is from the 17th Century. In this style, the nail is painted pink and the nail end is painted white, to show beautiful, healthy nails. French manicures are still popular today, but so are designs with pictures and small bright stones, and designs on long artificial nails called extensions. Nail artists today have changed simple French manicures into elegant [(B)] of art.

[①] are the nail artists in Japan? In Japan, most nail artists are women. That doesn't mean men can't enjoy nail art. In fact, more men are becoming interested in it. Nail artist Yoshi Ueda says, "In *kimono* design, there are different rules for men and women concerning colors and patterns. Women's styles might be better for special occasions. Men's styles might be more suitable for everyday use. Taking a hint from men's *kimono* design, I try to create simple, elegant nail art. Anyone can wear it in their daily lives. 'Nail Art Biz' is my concept." It may take some time for nail art to become acceptable business wear. However as men bring new ideas into the nail art world, more men and women are designing and wearing nail art.

[②] do you become a nail artist? With practice, most people can color their nails. For a career in nail art, professional training is necessary. Japan has a 3-level examination system for nail artists. Students must pass written tests about science and cosmetics, and demonstration tests showing their practical skills. There is also a [(C)] of nail art contests. Professional nail artists join these contests to keep their skills up and explore new design ideas. Japanese nail artists have shown many original designs and techniques in contests held in other countries. Their work is highly respected in the international nail art community.

[③] is important for becoming a nail artist? Professional nail artists suggest a university education. Nail artists create their art for other people. Besides painting designs, they need to communicate with their customers, advise them on design and health, and perhaps manage their own nail art salons. Universities have classes for communication, art, health management and business skills. Students can also learn these skills in their daily lives on campus. Meeting people, joining a club, taking good care of yourself, and being responsible for your school work build necessary skills, too. You can get all this [(D)] in one place at a university.

[④] being a nail artist is not your dream? You can still enjoy nail art. Just go to a nail salon and have your nails done. You don't need to wait for a special occasion.

1. 空欄 (A)～(D) に入る語として、ア～クの中から最も適切なものをそれぞれ1つ選び、解答欄に記号を記入しなさい。
- ア color イ experience ウ hobby エ number
オ chances カ events キ forms ク times
2. 空欄①～④に入る句として、a～hの中から最も適切なものをそれぞれ1つ選び、解答欄に記号を記入しなさい。
- a. Now who b. But why c. What if d. And when
e. Why not f. What else g. How much h. So how
3. 本文の内容とほぼ一致している文を1～7のうちから3つ選び、数字で答えなさい。
1. Nail art looks nice with party dresses, but it doesn't suit *kimono*.
 2. French-style manicures used to be popular. Now people prefer other designs.
 3. Nail art is usually for women, but some men are trying it too.
 4. "Nail Art Biz" means companies let workers wear nail art on certain days.
 5. Nail art students usually go to contests to study for their examinations.
 6. University students can learn skills for nail art in classes and school activities.
 7. Nail art is not only for weddings and parties. It's fun anytime.
4. 本文のタイトルとして最も適切なものを以下のA～Eから1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
- A. Starting Your Own Nail Salon
B. How to Coordinate Nails and Clothing
C. Nail Art: An Art for Everyone
D. Japanese Design and Nail Art
E. It's Easy to Become a Nail Artist

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I 各組の英文 a) と b) の内容がほぼ一致するように、空所に入る最も適切なものを1つ選んで記号で答えなさい。

- a) Please be careful because your bag is hitting me.
b) Do you ()? Your bag is hitting me!
ア mind イ careful ウ sorry エ matter
- a) That actor is well-known all over the world.
b) That actor is () all over the world.
ア favourite イ like ウ popular エ admire
- a) Where do you have your makeup stored?
b) Where do you () your makeup?
ア department イ buy ウ take エ keep
- a) How much is this bunch of flowers?
b) I () how much this bunch of flower is.
ア question イ know ウ amaze エ wonder
- a) I don't live far away.
b) I live in a () town.
ア nearby イ short ウ far エ next
- a) My bag is about half as heavy as John's.
b) My bag is about half the () of John's.
ア length イ height ウ weight エ size
- a) You can ask for photocopying service in the library.
b) Photocopying service is () in the library.
ア acceptable イ liable ウ edible エ available

- a) Let's have dinner here, shall we?
b) () having dinner here?
ア Why do イ What ウ What about エ Shall we
- a) Young as he is, Peter is a man of ability.
b) () his youth, Peter is a man of ability.
ア Despite of イ But ウ Although エ In spite of
- a) Be sure to come to see me on time tomorrow.
b) () to come to see me on time tomorrow.
ア Don't mind イ Never mind ウ Don't fail エ Let's

II 各文の () に入る最も適切な語(句)を、下のア～エの中から1つ選んで記号で答えなさい。

- () her problems are, they are much less serious than mine.
ア However イ Whoever ウ Whenever エ Whatever
- Chiyo () her letter several days ago, but she forgot about it.
ア should write イ should have written
ウ is written エ should has written
- () helped me out?
ア How do you think イ Who do you think
ウ When do you think エ Why don't you think
- Have you ever heard those students () English?
ア speak イ spoken ウ to speak エ speaks
- Professor Yatsuda appeared () with my report.
ア to have satisfied イ to be satisfied
ウ to be satisfying エ having been satisfying
- He finished late because it was ().
ア so a difficult job イ such a difficult job
ウ a so difficult job エ a such difficult job

7. Not until those students have learned English () to understand the book.
 ア can they begin イ they begin
 ウ they can begin エ begins
8. He will be late for the important meeting because his plane is () one hour.
 ア delay イ delays ウ delaying エ delayed
9. () of them understood what the politician said.
 ア Anyone イ Someone ウ None エ No one
10. He's late for the date again, () is annoying!
 ア angry イ which ウ when エ why

III [] 内の英語の語(句)を並べ替えて英文を完成させ、2番目と4番目にくるもの番号を順に解答欄に記入しなさい。

1. The girl is not used [ア getting イ to ウ up エ in オ early] the morning.
2. My old watch [ア been イ mended ウ than エ more オ has] four times this year.
3. Would you like me [ア to イ happened ウ tell エ you オ what] to me yesterday?
4. My favourite dessert [ア ice cream イ is ウ pistachio エ with オ topped] fresh strawberries.
5. The name of the highest mountain in Japan is [ア is イ which ウ tall エ 3776 meters オ Mt. Fuji].

IV 以下は美容院での2人の間の会話ですが、順序がばらばらになっています。最も適切な順序に並べ替え、(a)～(e)の位置にくる文を選び、数字で答えなさい。

1. Well, I was hoping to have my hair cut short. Do you have any suggestions?
2. Oh, why is that?

3. I see. I could perm your hair with big rolls. You'll look like a French doll.
4. What would you like done today?
5. Curling irons are useful but also use energy. But I like the sound of bouncy curls.
6. I have a curling iron but don't want to use it.
7. OK. I'll get on with it right now!
8. That sounds nice. Would it take long to dry?
9. I'm happy with that. Do that, please.
10. No. You would only need to have your hair dried half way. I'll also add extra layers for a speedy dry.
11. Sure, what about cutting your hair shoulder length? Then you could use a curling iron for bouncy curls.

(a) → 1 → (b) → 6 → (c) → 5 → 3 → (d) → 10 → (e) → 7

V 英文を読み、本文の内容と一致する場合にはT、一致しない場合にはFを解答欄に記入しなさい。

Blog Marguerite

Nina: I have a cat named Matsunaga. Isn't that a unique name? He is a Scottish Fold breed, which typically has a round face, folded ears and large round eyes. This cat is so round that it reminds me of a famous Japanese robot cat character. The name Matsunaga was given to him for a very important reason. It was my mother's maiden name. When she and her sisters got married, they all changed their family names. After their parents died, there was no one left with the Matsunaga name. One day a kitten came to our house. It was a boy. We thought that since boys don't change their names after marriage we should give him my mother's maiden name. Besides it's



better than calling him Robot Cat!

• posted 10 hours ago via mobile •

Yuta: Hi Nina :D What a wonderful way to continue your family name! Long live Matsunaga!

• commented 8 hours ago •

Suwako: Generally I don't like giving animals human names. If I say something like, "Masaki was running around and jumping on the sofa," people might think I'm talking about my husband. That's embarrassing. Σ ('Д`')/ But if I had a really smart cat, I might name it Shakespeare or DaVinci.

• commented 7 hours ago •

Eiki: In my town, it's bad luck to name animals after people. If an animal gets sick or dies, it might happen to that person, too. It might just be a story, but none of my pets have human names.

• commented 3 hours ago •

Kacey: We don't have any pets, but you've given us a great idea for our new baby. My wife and I couldn't decide between about 10 different girls' or boys' names. Then we realized that my wife's maiden name Kendall is perfect for either a girl or a boy. So boy or girl, Kendall it is. Thanks, Nina.

• commented about an hour ago •

1. Nina thinks it's not common to name cats with a maiden name.
2. Nina's mother's family name was Matsunaga.
3. A kitten was named Matsunaga at Nina's home.
4. The cat named Matsunaga is a robot.
5. The Matsunaga sisters got married and kept their surname.
6. Yuta thinks that Matsunaga is a long living cat.
7. Suwako and Eiki disagree with giving cats human names in general.
8. Eiki's pet is sick and dying.
9. Kacey likes the idea of naming according to maiden names.
10. Kacey plans to name his pet Kendall.

Ⅵ 次の英文を読んで設問に答えなさい。

There were very few people who knew of the existence of "Nadeshiko Japan" until they became champions of the FIFA's World Cup in 2011. Women's soccer used to be a minor sport in Japan, although it has been popular in other countries. Even in the United States, soccer is known (A) one of the top women's sports. Now, thanks to the 2011 World Cup, there are very few people who do not know the team Nadeshiko Japan, or about women's soccer in Japan.

Thirty years ago, in 1981, Japan's first national women's soccer team was formed. In 1991, the first Women's World Championship (the present World Cup) was held. Japan lost three times and their hopes for a championship ended soon. In 1993, people became very excited about men's soccer. That year the J-League was formed and the Japanese national men's team played in and lost the World Cup Asia qualifying finals in Doha, Qatar. Since many people were interested in men's soccer and the "Tragedy of Doha," they did not notice a new, young player on the women's national team, Sawa Homare.

In 1993, Sawa was only 15 years old and still in high school when she (1) was called up for the women's national soccer team. It was in her debut match (B) she showed her remarkable talent by scoring 4 goals. Since then, the history of Nadeshiko Japan has been connected to the efforts of Sawa for the Japanese national women's team. In the 2011 World Cup, Sawa scored a total of 5 points, breaking a Japanese record and earning her an MVP award for top scorer. Between her debut and the 2011 World Cup, she helped her team rewrite Japanese sports history three times at the Olympics (C) six times at the World Cup. When Nadeshiko Japan won the 2011 World Cup, they became the first Japanese soccer team, men's or women's, to win this title.

Nadeshiko Japan winning the World Cup was a surprise to the world. The team was (2) place fourth in the world at the start of the tournament. They defeated the powerful German and Swedish teams in the quarterfinals and semifinals. In the final match, they faced the United States. Japan's record (D) the United States in the past was 0 wins, 21 losses and 3 draws. In the final game, while allowing the U.S. team to lead, Nadeshiko Japan caught up twice and then won by penalty kick. In this game, Nadeshiko Japan showed that "history isn't everything".

Nadeshiko Japan's World Cup victory changed their world ranking in 2011.
(E) it changed how people see the Japanese national women's soccer team. The champions were given the "Fair Play Award" too. This is for teams who play cleanly, with few yellow cards for fouls or red cards for dismissals. It was the first time in the history of the Women's World Cup for this to be awarded. With good sports conduct, and strong team play, Nadeshiko Japan has shown the ideal way to stand on top of the world of women's soccer.

1. 空欄 A～E に入る最も適切な語を選び、記号で答えなさい。

- A. ア as イ to ウ for エ like
B. ア which イ where ウ whether エ while
C. ア or イ but ウ and エ so
D. ア against イ beyond ウ on エ for
E. ア Because イ However ウ Somehow エ Furthermore

2. 下線部 (1) の was called up for の意味に最も近いものを、次のア～エのうちから一つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- ア told to watch
イ made a phone call to
ウ was asked to join
エ scored points for

3. 下線部 (2) の語 place は原型となっています。正しい形をア～エのうちから一つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- ア placed イ placing ウ to place エ places

4. 本文のタイトルとして最も適切なものを以下のア～エのうちから一つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- ア Differences between men's and women's soccer
イ Sawa: her talents and leadership
ウ History of the World Cup
エ The growth of Japanese women's soccer

5. 本文の内容とほぼ一致している文をア～オのうちから二つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- ア Women's soccer was a minor sport in Japan until 2011.
イ Sawa released a record and got paid well.
ウ Nadeshiko Japan proved that history repeats.
エ Nadeshiko Japan lost the Asian World cup in Doha, Qatar.
オ The writer thinks Nadeshiko Japan is a role model of a sports team.